## SITE CHARACTERISATION FORM COMPLETING THE FORM

### Step 1:

	Goto Menu Item File, Save As and save the file under a reference relating to the
	client or the planning application reference if available.
Clear Form	Use the Clear Form button to clear all information fields.

#### **Notes:**

All calculations in this form are automatic.

Where possible information is presented in the form of drop down selection lists to eliminate potential errors.

Variable elements are recorded by tick boxes. In all cases only one tick box should be activated.

All time record fields must be entered in twenty hour format as follows: HH:MM

All date formats are DD/MM/YYYY.

All other data fields are in text entry format.

This form can be printed out fully populated for submission with related documents and for your files. It can also be submitted by email.

### Section 3.2

In this section use an underline \_\_\_\_\_ across all six columns to indicate the depth at which changes in classification / characteristics occur.

### Section 3.4

Lists supporting documentation required.

### Section 4

Select the treatment systems suitable for this site and the discharge route.

#### **Section 5**

Indicate the system type that it is proposed to install.

### **Section 6**

Provide details, as required, on the proposed treatment system.

# **APPENDIX B: SITE CHARACTERISATION FORM**

File Reference:
1.0 GENERAL DETAILS (From planning application)
Prefix: First Name: Surname:
Address: Site Location and Townland:
Telephone No: Fax No:
E-Mail:
Maximum no. of Residents: No. of Double Bedrooms: No. of Single Bedrooms:
Proposed Water Supply: Mains Private Well/Borehole Group Well/Borehole
2.0 GENERAL DETAILS (From planning application)
Soil Type, (Specify Type):
Aquifer Category:  Regionally Important  Locally Important  Poor
Vulnerability: Extreme High Moderate Low High to Low Unknown
Bedrock Type:
Name of Public/Group Scheme Water Supply within 1 km:
Groundwater Protection Scheme (Y/N): Source Protection Area: SI SO
Groundwater Protection Response:
Presence of Significant Sites (Archaeological, Natural & Historical):
Past experience in the area:
Comments: (Integrate the information above in order to comment on: the potential suitability of the site, potential targets at risk, and/or any potential site restrictions).

### 3.0 ON-SITE ASSESSMENT

3.1 Visual Assess	ment			
Landscape Position	n:			
Slope:	Steep (>1:5)	Sh	nallow (1:5-1:20)	Relatively Flat (<1:20)
Surface Features w	vithin a minimum of 25	i0m (Distance To	o Features Should Be N	loted In Metres)
Houses:				
Existing Land Use:				
Vegetation Indicato	ors:			
Groundwater Flow	Direction:			
Ground Condition:				
Site Boundaries:				
Roads:				
Outcrops (Bedrock	And/Or Subsoil):			
Surface Water Pon	ding:		Lakes:	
Beaches/Shellfish:			Areas/Wetlands:	
Karst Features:				
Watercourse/Strea	m*:			
Drainage Ditches*:				
Springs / Wells*:				

#### Comments:

(Integrate the information above in order to comment on: the potential suitability of the site, potential targets at risk, the suitability of the site to treat the wastewater and the location of the proposed system within the site).

#### 3.2 Trial Hole (should be a minimum of 2.1m deep (3m for regionally important aquifers))

To avoid any accidental damage, a trial hole assessment or percolation tests should not be undertaken in areas, which are at or adjacent to significant sites (e.g. NHAs, SACs, SPAs, and/or Archaeological etc.), without prior advice from National Parks and Wildlife Service or the Heritage Service.

Depth of trial hole (m):									
Depth from ground surfaceDepth from ground surfaceto bedrock (m) (if present):to water table (m) (if present):									
Depth of water ingress:	Depth of water ingress: Rock type (if present):								
Date and time of excavation:		Date a	nd time of examina	ition:					
Date and time of excavation:    Depth  Soil/Subsoil    of P/T  Texture &    Test*  Classification**    0.1 m	Plasticity and dilatancy***	Soil Structure	nd time of examina Density/ Compactness	Colour****	Preferential flowpaths				
2.5 m									

Likely T value:

\*\* See Appendix E for BS 5930 classification. \*\*\* 3 samples to be tested for each horizon and results should be entered above for each horizon.

\*\*\*\* All signs of mottling should be recorded.

Note: \*Depth of percolation test holes should be indicated on log above. (Enter P or T at depts as appropriate).

#### 3.3(a) Percolation ("T") Test for Deep Subsoils and/or Water Table

Step 1: Test Hole Preparation

Percolation Test Hole	1	2	3
Depth from ground surface to top of hole (mm) (A)			
Depth from ground surface to base of hole (mm) (B)			
Depth of hole (mm) [B - A]			
Dimensions of hole [length x breadth (mm)]	X	X	X
Step 2: Pre-Soaking Test Hole	S		
Date and Time pre-soaking started			
Each hole should be pre-soake	ed twice before the test is ca	rried out. Each hole should	be empty before refilling.
Step 3: Measuring T <sub>100</sub>			
Percolation Test Hole No.	1	2	3
Date of test			
Time filled to 400 mm			
Time water level at 300 mm			
Time to drop 100 mm (T <sub>100</sub> )			

Average T<sub>100</sub>

If  $\rm T_{_{100}} > 300$  minutes then T-value >90 – site unsuitable for discharge to ground

If  $T_{100} \leq 210$  minutes then go to Step 4;

If  $T_{100}^{100}$  > 210 minutes then go to Step 5;

### Step 4: Standard Method (where $T_{_{100}} \leq 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole		1			2			3	
Fill no.	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆t (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆t (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆t (min)
1									
2									
3 Average ∆t Value									
	Average A	At/4 =1]	(t <sub>1</sub> )	Average / [Hole No.	\t/4 = 2]	(t <sub>2</sub> )	Average / [Hole No.	\\1/4 = 3]	(t <sub>3</sub> )
Result of Te	st: T =		(m	in/25 mm)					
Comments:									

### **Step 5:** Modified Method (where $T_{100} > 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole No.		1				2				3		
Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	T – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	T – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	T – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>
300 - 250	8.1				8.1				8.1			
250 - 200	9.7				9.7				9.7			
200 - 150	11.9				11.9				11.9			
150 - 100	14.1				14.1				14.1			
Average T- Value	T- Value	e Hole 1=	= (t <sub>1</sub> )		T- Value	Hole 1=	(t <sub>2</sub> )		T- Value	Hole 1=	= (t <sub>3</sub> )	
Result of Tes	st: T =				(min/25 n	าm)						
Comments:												

### 3.3(b) Percolation ("P") Test for Shallow Soil / Subsoils and/or Water Table

#### Step 1: Test Hole Preparation

Percolation Test Hole	1	2	3
Depth from ground surface to top of hole (mm)			
Depth from ground surface to base of hole (mm)			
Depth of hole (mm)			
Dimensions of hole [length x breadth (mm)]	X	x	X
Step 2: Pre-Soaking Test Holes	3		
Date and Time pre-soaking started			
Each hole should be pre-soake	d twice before the test is ca	rried out. Each hole should	be empty before refilling.
Step 3: Measuring P <sub>100</sub>			
Percolation Test Hole No.	1	2	3
Date of test			
Time filled to 400 mm			
Time water level at 300 mm			
Time to drop 100 mm (P <sub>100</sub> )			
Average P <sub>100</sub>			

If  $P_{_{100}} > 300$  minutes then P-value >90 – site unsuitable for discharge to ground If  $P_{_{100}} \le 210$  minutes then go to Step 4; If  $P_{_{100}} > 210$  minutes then go to Step 5;

### Step 4: Standard Method (where $\mathsf{P}_{_{100}} \leq$ 210 minutes)

Percolation Test Hole		1			2			3	
Fill no.	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆p (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆p (min)	Start Time (at 300 mm)	Finish Time (at 200 mm)	∆p (min)
1									
2									
3 Average ∆p Value									
	Average ∆∣ [Hole No.1]	p/4 =	(p <sub>1</sub> )	Average ∆ [Hole No.2	.p/4 =	(p <sub>2</sub> )	Average / [Hole No.	12p/4 = 3]	(p <sub>3</sub> )
Result of Te	st: P =		(min	1/25 mm)					
Comments:									

### **Step 5:** Modified Method (where $P_{100} > 210$ minutes)

Percolation Test Hole No.		1		l		2				3		
Fall of water in hole (mm)	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	P – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	P – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>	Time Factor = T <sub>f</sub>	Time of fall (mins) = T <sub>m</sub>	K <sub>fs</sub> = T <sub>f</sub> / T <sub>m</sub>	P – Value = 4.45 / K <sub>fs</sub>
300 - 250	8.1				8.1				8.1			
250 - 200	9.7				9.7				9.7			
200 - 150	11.9				11.9				11.9			
150 - 100	14.1				14.1				14.1			
Average P- Value	P- Value	∋ Hole 1=	= (p <sub>1</sub> )		P- Value	Hole 1=	: (p <sub>2</sub> )		P- Value	Hole 1=	= (p <sub>3</sub> )	
Result of Tes	st: P = 🗌				(min/25 r	nm)						
Comments:												

# 3.4 The following associated Maps, Drawings and Photographs should be appended to this site characterisation form.

- 1. Discovery Series 1:50,000 Map indicating overall drainage, groundwater flow direction and housing density in the area.
- 2. Supporting maps for vulnerability, aquifer classification, soil, bedrock.
- 3. North point should always be included.
- 4. (a) Sketch of site showing measurements to Trial Hole location and
  - (b) Percolation Test Hole locations,
  - (c) wells and
  - (d) direction of groundwater flow (if known),
  - (e) proposed house (incl. distances from boundaries)
  - (f) adjacent houses,
  - (g) watercourses,
  - (h) significant sites
  - (i) and other relevant features.
- Cross sectional drawing of the site and the proposed layout<sup>1</sup> should be submitted.
- 6. Photographs of the trial hole, test holes and site (date and time referenced).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The calculated percolation area or polishing filter area should be set out accurately on the site layout drawing in accordance with the code of practice's requirements.

### 4.0 CONCLUSION of SITE CHARACTERISATION

Г

Integrate the information from the desk study and on-site assessment (i.e. visual assessment, trial hole and percolation tests) above and conclude the type of system(s) that is (are) appropriate. This information is also used to choose the optimum final disposal route of the treated wastewater.

Not Suitable for Development	
Suitable for <sup>1</sup> 1. Septic tank system (septic tank and percolation area)	Discharge Route
2. Secondary Treatment System	
a. septic tank and filter system constructed on-site and polishing filter; or	
b. packaged wastewater treatment system and polishing filter	

### **5.0 RECOMMENDATION**

Propose to install:	
and discharge to:	
Trench Invert level (m):	

Site Specific Conditions (e.g. special works, site improvement works testing etc.

<sup>1</sup> note: more than one option may be suitable for a site and this should be recorded

<sup>2</sup> A discharge of sewage effluent to "waters" (definition includes any or any part of any river, stream, lake, canal, reservoir, aquifer, pond, watercourse or other inland waters, whether natural or artificial) will require a licence under the Water Pollution Acts 1977-90. Refer to Section 2.6.2.

### 6.0 TREATMENT SYSTEM DETAILS

SYSTEM TYPE: Septio	c Tank System							
Tank Capacity (m <sup>3</sup> )		Percolation Area			Mounded Percolation Area			
	No.	of Trenches		No. of	Trenches			
	Len	gth of Trenches (m)	)	Lengt	h of Trench	ies (m)		
	Inve	rt Level (m)		Invert	Level (m)			
SYSTEM TYPE: Secor	ndary Treatment S	System						
Filter Systems					Package	Treatmer	nt Systems	
Media Type	Area (m²)*	Depth of Filter	Invert Level		Туре			
Sand/Soil								
Soil					Capacity F	PE		
Constructed Wetland					Sizing of F	Primary Co	ompartment	
Other						m <sup>3</sup>	i	
SYSTEM TYPE: Tertian	ry Treatment Syst	em						
Polishing Filter: Surfa	ce Area (m²)*	Pa	ckage Treatme	nt Syste	əm: Capac	city (pe)		
or <b>Gravity Fed:</b> No. of Trenches Length of Trenches (m) Invert Level (m)		Co	nstructed Wetl	and: Su	rface Area	u (m²)*		
DISCHARGE ROUTE:								
Groundwater	Hydraulic L	.oading Rate * (I/m	<sup>2</sup> .d)					
Surface Water ** Discharge Rate (m <sup>3</sup> /hr)								
TREATMENT STANDA	RDS:							
Treatment System Perf	ormance Standar	rd (mg/l) BOD	SS		- N Tot	tal N	Total P	
QUALITY ASSURANC	E:							
Installation & Commiss	ioning	(	On-going Mainte	enance				

 $^{\ast}$  Hydraulic loading rate is determined by the percolation rate of subsoil

\*\* Water Pollution Act discharge licence required

### 7.0 SITE ASSESSOR DETAILS

Company:					
Prefix: First Name:	Surname:				
Address:					
Qualifications/Experience:					
Date of Report:					
Phone: Fax:	e-mail				
Indemnity Insurance Number:					

Signature: